

# **6JN6** COMPACTRON BEAM PENTODE

# = DESCRIPTION AND RATING ----

The 6JN6 is a compactron beam-power pentode primarily designed for use as the horizontal-deflection amplifier in television receivers. A separate connection is provided for the beam plates to minimize "snivets".

### GENERAL

### **ELECTRICAL**

#### Cathode - Coated Unipotential

Heater Characteristics and Ratings Heater Voltage, AC or DC\* . . 6.3±0.6 Volts Heater Current . . . . . . . 1.2 Amperes Direct Interelectrode Capacitances, approximate§

Grid-Number 1 to Plate:

. . 0.34 (g1 to p). Input: g1 to (h + k + g2 + b.p.). 16 pf Output: p to (h + k + g2 + b.p.). 7.0 pf

### **MECHANICAL**

Operating Position - Any Envelope - T-12, Glass Base - E12-74, Button 12-Pin Outline Drawing - EIA 12-56

Maximum Diameter . . Inches . 1.563 Maximum Over-all Length. Inches . 2.875 Maximum Seated Height . Inches

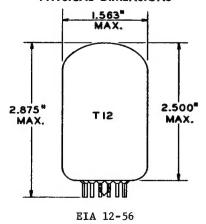
# MAXIMUM RATINGS

Design-Maximum ratings are limiting values of operating and environmental conditions applicable to a bogey electron tube of a specified type as defined by its published data and should not be exceeded under the worst probable conditions.

The tube manufacturer chooses these values to provide acceptable serviceability of the tube, making allowance for the effects of changes in operating conditions due to variations in the characteristics of the tube under consideration.

The equipment manufacturer should design so that initially and throughout life no design-maximum value for the intended service is exceeded with a bogey tube under the worst probable operating conditions with respect to supplyvoltage variation, equipment component variation, equipment control adjustment, load variation, signal variation, environmental conditions, and variations in the characteristics of all other electron devices in the equipment.

#### PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS



#### **TERMINAL CONNECTIONS**

Pin 1 - Heater

Pin 2 - Cathode

Pin 3 - Grid Number 2 (Screen)

Pin 4 - Beam Plates

Pin 5 - No Connection

Pin 6 - No Connection

Pin 7 - Plate

Pin 8 - No Connection

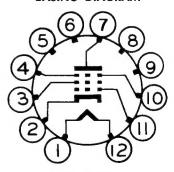
Pin 9 - No Connection

Pin 10 - Beam Plates

Pin 11 - Grid Number 1

Pin 12 - Heater

#### BASING DIAGRAM



EIA 12FK

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# **MAXIMUM RATINGS (Cont'd)**

# HORIZONTAL-DEFLECTION AMPLIFIER SERVICE - DESIGN-MAXIMUM VALUES

HORIZONIAL DELECTION AND ENTER SERVICE DESIGN	VALUES
DC Plate-Supply Voltage (Boost + DC Power Supply)	 770 Volts
Peak Positive Pulse Plate Voltage	
Peak Negative Pulse Plate Voltage	
Positive DC Beam Plate Voltage	
Screen Voltage	
Negative DC Grid-Number 1 Voltage	
Peak Negative Grid-Number 1 Voltage	
Plate Dissipation#	
Screen Dissipation	
DC Cathode Current	
Peak Cathode Current	 550 Milliamperes
Heater-Cathode Voltage	
Heater Positive with Respect to Cathode	
DC Component	 100 Volts
Total DC and Peak	 200 Volts
Heater Negative with Respect to Cathode	
Total DC and Peak	 200 Volts
Grid-Number 1 Circuit Resistance	 1.0 Megohms
Bulb Temperature at Hottest Point	

### CHARACTERISTICS AND TYPICAL OPERATION

### **AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS**

Plate Voltage	60	250	Volts
Beam Plates, Connected to Cathode at Socket			
Screen Voltage	150	150	Volts
Grid-Number 1 Voltage	ΟΔ	-22.5	Volts
Plate Resistance, approximate		18000	Ohms
Transconductance		7300	Micromhos
Plate Current	345	65	Milliamperes
Screen Current	27	1.8	Milliamperes
Grid-Number 1 Voltage, approximate			-
Ib = 1.0 Milliamperes		-42	Volts
Triode Amplification Factor**		4.4	

### NOTES

- \* The equipment designer should design the equipment so that heater voltage is centered at the specified bogey value, with heater supply variations restricted to maintain heater voltage within the specified tolerance.
- # Heater current of a bogey tube at Ef = 6.3 volts.
- § Without external shield.
- ¶ For operation in a 525-line, 30-frame television system as described in "Standards of Good Engineering Practice Concerning Television Broadcast Stations", Federal Communications Commission. The duty cycle of the voltage pulse must not exceed 15 percent of one scanning cycle.
- # In stages operating with grid-leak bias, an adequate cathode-bias resistor or other suitable means is required to protect the tube in the absence of excitation.
- $\Delta$  Applied for short interval (two seconds maximum) so as not to damage tube.
- \*\* Triode connection (screen triode to plate) with Eb = Ec2 = 150 volts and Ec1 = -22.5 volts.

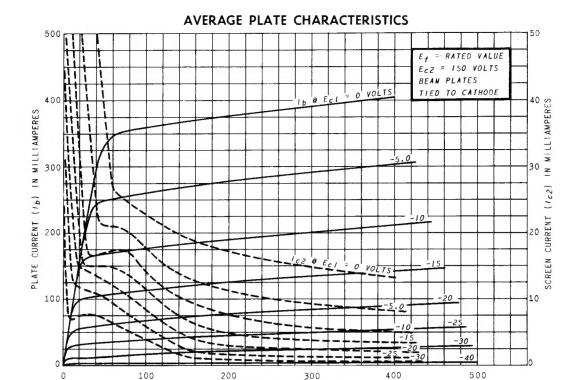
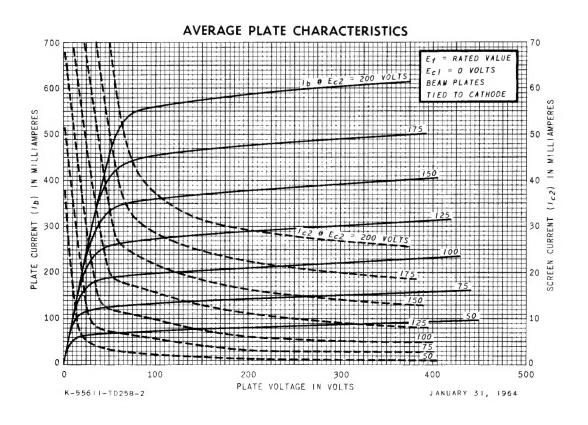


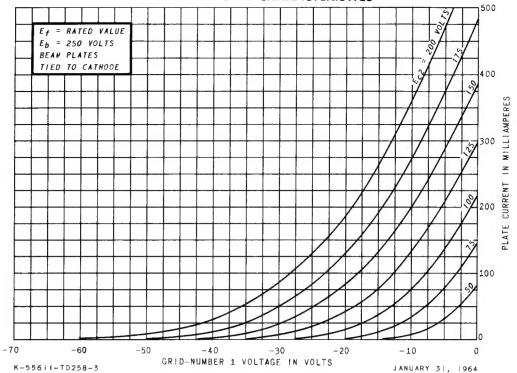
PLATE VOLTAGE IN VOLTS

JANUARY 31, 1964

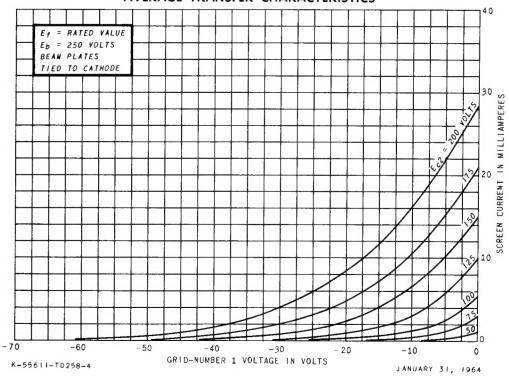
K-556||-TD258-|



# **AVERAGE TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS**



#### **AVERAGE TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS**



# **TUBE DEPARTMENT**



Owensboro, Kentucky